



Memorandum:

The Estimated Economic Impact of the Grand Haven Childrens Museum

July 2023

PREPARED BY:

Christian Glupker, MBA, Primary Researcher Economics Department, Grand Valley State University



L. William Seidman Center 50 Front Avenue SW Grand Rapids, MI 49504 *gvsu.edu/seidman/*

ESTIMATED ECONOMIC IMPACT



The estimated economic impact is based on the financial projections and the business plan provided by Grand Haven Childrens Museum (GHCM). The benefit transfer method was used to determine visitor counts and spending data. The economic impact is estimated using the IMPLAN model.

The GHCM projected annual attendance would range from 145,000 to 165,000 visitors per year. For this analysis, we used the mean of the two projections (155,000 visitors). Using the benefit transfer method, we estimated 53% of the visitors would be non-local and 67% of those nonlocal visitors would be considered "primary visitors" and they would visit 1.08 days per visit. Utilizing the same benefit transfer method, we estimate 30% of the local visitors would be considered "primary visitors" and they would visit 1.0 days per visit. The total number of visitors is presented in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Total visitors based on visitor type

		Primary	Casual
	All visitors	visitors	visitors ³
Local visitors	72,850	21,921	50,929
Nonlocal visitors	82,150	55,041	27,110
Total visitors	155,000	76,961	78,039

We estimate nonlocal primary visitors will spend \$39.92 per person, per day and local primary visitors will spend \$24.83 per person, per day. These estimates were obtained using the benefit transfer method and adjusted for inflation (2023 dollars). Based on these estimates, the projected economic impact of visitor spending is presented in Table 3.

¹ Data was taken from the Economic Impact of Grand Rapids Public Museum 2020 study.

² A nonlocal visitor is one that resides outside of Ottawa County, Michigan. A primary visitors is one who states their primary reason for their visit to Ottawa County was the GHCM.

³ These visitors were already in Ottawa County for other reasons (family outings, relatives, business, etc). Generally, the spending of these visitors cannot be included in the economic impact because they were already in town, and they would likely have spent the money regardless of their visit to GHCM.

Table 2: Estimated annual economic impact of visitor spending

				Value-Added
	Output	Earnings	Jobs	(GDP)
Nonlocal primary visitors	\$3.3M	\$1.1M	33	\$1.7M
Local primary visitors	\$747,000	\$244,000	8	\$373,000
Total visitor impact	\$4.0M	\$1.3M	41	\$2.1M

The economic impact of GHCM operational spending is based on five-year projections provided by GHCM. The financial projections stabilized in year five, therefore we used that year for this analysis. The estimated economic impact from operational spending is presented in Table 3 and the overall total estimated economic impact of GHCM is presented in Table 4.

Table 3: Estimated economic impact of operational spending

				Value-Added
	Output	Earnings	Jobs	(GDP)
Operational spending	\$1.7M	\$1.3M	18	\$1.5M

Table 4: Estimated total annual economic impact of GHCM

				Value-Added
	Output	Earnings	Jobs	(GDP)
Visitor spending impact	\$4.0M	\$1.3M	41	\$2.1M
Operational spending impact	\$1.7M	\$1.3M	18	\$1.5M
Total estimated impact	\$5.7M	\$2.6M	59	\$3.6M

GHCM estimated \$15 million in construction to build the new museum. Assuming 72% is spent locally, the estimated economic impact of construction is \$13.3 million in economic output, \$6.0 million in earnings, and support for 91 jobs. It should be noted this impact only occurs during the construction phase and is not adjusted for inflation or labor supply conditions.

The increase in economic activity also produces additional tax revenue at the local, state, and federal levels. The IMPLAN economic model estimates these fiscal impacts. The tax at the county and sub-county levels consist of property taxes. At the state level, the majority of the tax is sales tax. We only included nonlocal primary visitors in the fiscal analysis as this is considered 'new' tax revenue.

Table 5: Fiscal annual impact of nonlocal primary visitors

		Sub-County:		
	Ottawa County	Sub-County: Municipalities	Special Districts	Michigan
Direct Impact	\$6,658	\$8,718	\$23,505	\$62,387
Indirect Impact	\$1,579	\$2,068	\$5,575	\$14,485
Induced Impact	\$1,803	\$2,362	\$6,364	\$14,928
Total Impact	\$10,041	\$13,148	\$35,445	\$91,799

Disclaimer:

All figures used estimates and are subject to change. The use of generalizations and assumptions increases the margin of error in the data. A formal economic impact study would require visitor surveying, more detailed operational spending data, and a detailed breakdown of construction spending.